stryker



Mako Total Hip

SmartRobotics™



 Case review with Rajesh K. Jain, M.D. MPH Direct superior

Patient history / Pre-op x-ray

- 65 year old male with OA
- BMI of 31.2
- Past medical history of hypertension, GERD, and prostate cancer.
- Sacral slope standing: 60°
- Sacral slope sitting: 28°



Preplanning



1. Starting CT-based pre-op plan shows that the operative hip is 3mm shorter and 7mm increased in combined offset from the opposite hip.



2. Surgeon assesses planned broach position in the coronal view. The stem position can be planned by scrolling through the CT view in the transverse, sagittal and coronal view to help ensure the fit throughout the canal.





3. Planned cup positioning is 45° of inclination and 25° of version. Surgeon ensures no anterior overhang of the cup to help prevent iliopsoas impingement.

Surgeon enters standing and seated sacral slope values and evaluates cup position in each pose.





4-5. Taking the femur through a virtual range-of-motion, surgeon can visualize any risk of potential impingement in the sitting and standing positions, indicated in red.



Standing pose:

30° extension, 20° external rotation. Implant on implant impingement (neck on liner).



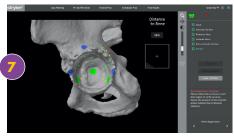
Sitting pose: 90° flexion, 55° internal rotation. Bone on bone impingement (greater trochanter on pelvis).



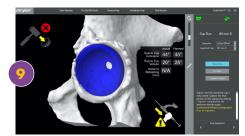


- 6. Final CT-based plan places the supine cup inclination at 45° and version at 25°. The reduced hip is planned to be 3mm longer than the pre-op hip, neutralizing it to the opposite hip. Meanwhile the combined offset of the pre-op hip will be reduced by 7mm, matching the opposite hip.
 - Size 5 Accolade II stem
 - Size 36 Trident II Tritanium cup
 - Size 0 head

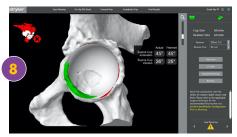
Intraoperative



7. Bone registration complete. Verified spheres all within the allowable range of distance to bone.



9. Guided cup impaction at 45° inclination and 25° of version



8. Robotic-arm assisted single stage reaming completed. Power to reamer shuts off when surgeon reams 2.3mm past the planned cup.



- 10. Reduced final hip: Hip length 3mm longer than opposite hip, 6mm longer than pre-op. Combined offset is neutral to the opposite hip, 7mm decreased versus the pre-op hip.
 - Size 6 Accolade II stem
 - Size 36 Trident II Tritanium cup
 - Size 0 head

Post-op x-ray



Learn more about

Mako Total Hip SmartRobotics



Dr. Jain is a paid consultant of Stryker Orthopedics. The opinions expressed by Dr. Jain are those of Dr. Jain and not necessarily those of Stryker. Individual experiences may vary.

A surgeon must always rely on his or her own professional clinical judgment when deciding whether to use a particular product when treating a particular patient. Stryker does not dispense medical advice and recommends that surgeons be trained in the use of any particular product before using it in surgery.

The information presented is intended to demonstrate the breadth of Stryker's product offerings. A surgeon must always refer to the package insert, product label and/or instructions for use before using any of Stryker's products. Products may not be available in all markets because product availability is subject to the regulatory and/or medical practices in individual markets. Please contact your sales representative if you have questions about the availability of products in your area.

Stryker Corporation or its divisions or other corporate affiliated entities own, use or have applied for the following trademarks or service marks: Accolade, Trident, Tritanium, Mako, Stryker. All other trademarks are trademarks of their respective owners or holders.