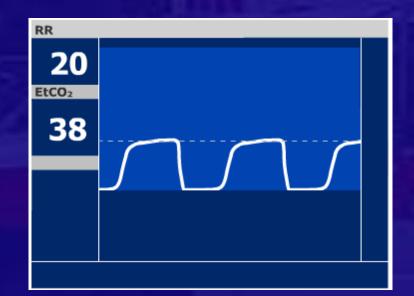
Challenging Capnography Cases



NTI class code: EXED222

Mike McEvoy, PhD, NRP, RN, CCRN Cardiac Surgical ICU RN & Chair Resuscitation Committee – Albany Medical Center EMS Coordinator – Saratoga County, NY www.mikemcevoy.com



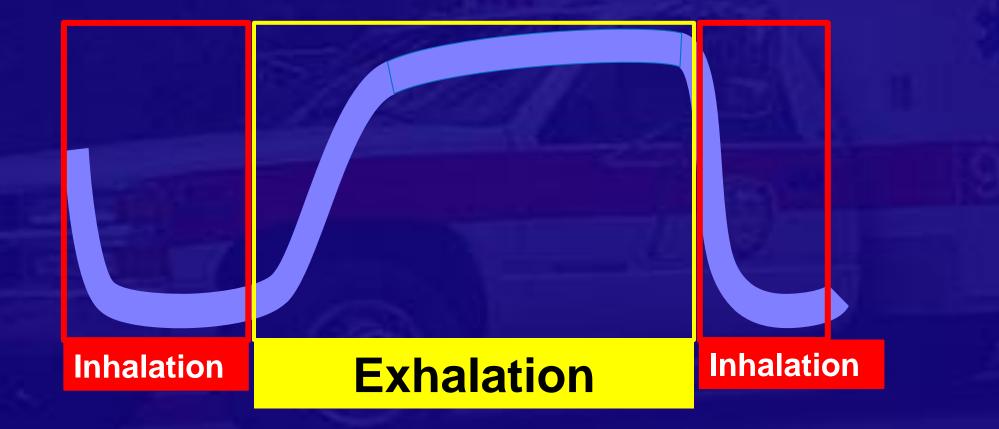


Where is EtCO₂ Measured?



Normal EtCO₂ is 35 – 45 mmHg

Label Inhalation & Exhalation



Capnogram Angles

 β (beta angle)

 α (alpha angle)

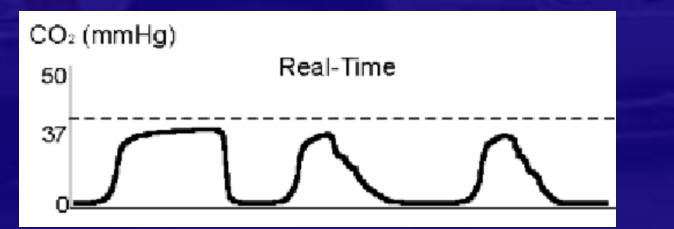
α normal = 100 – 110°
↑ with airway obstruction

β normal = 90°
with rebreathing

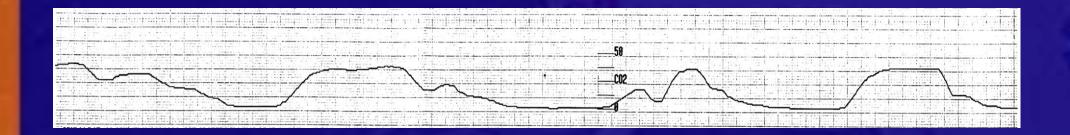
Conscious Sedation

 CO₂ monitoring required in medical settings

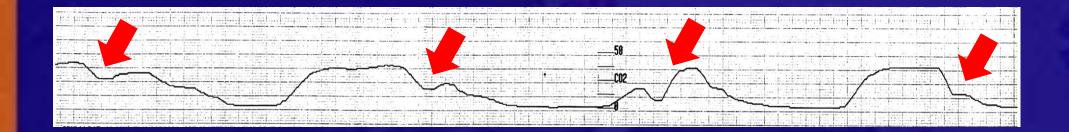
• Despite this, arrests continue to occur



Unrecognized AO



Unrecognized AO



Road Trip to CT Scanner

 86 yo COPDer severe respiratory distress; intubated

• HR 128, RR 14 by BVM, SpO₂ 99%

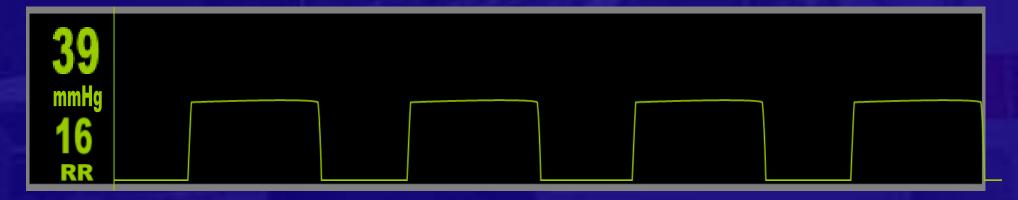


• The tube came out

• When is this most likely to occur?

Reintubated

- The patient is reintubated
- This is the capnography waveform:



- Is the tube in?
- Is the ventilation rate and depth appropriate?

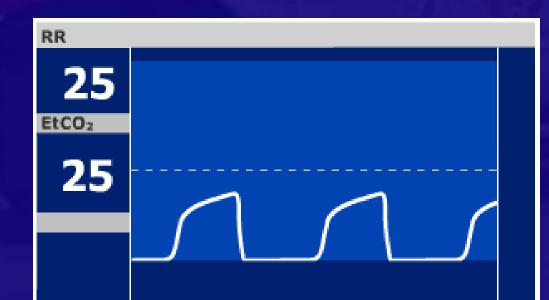
GSW – intubated by EMS

- Paramedics left 15" ago
- The patient begins to awaken:

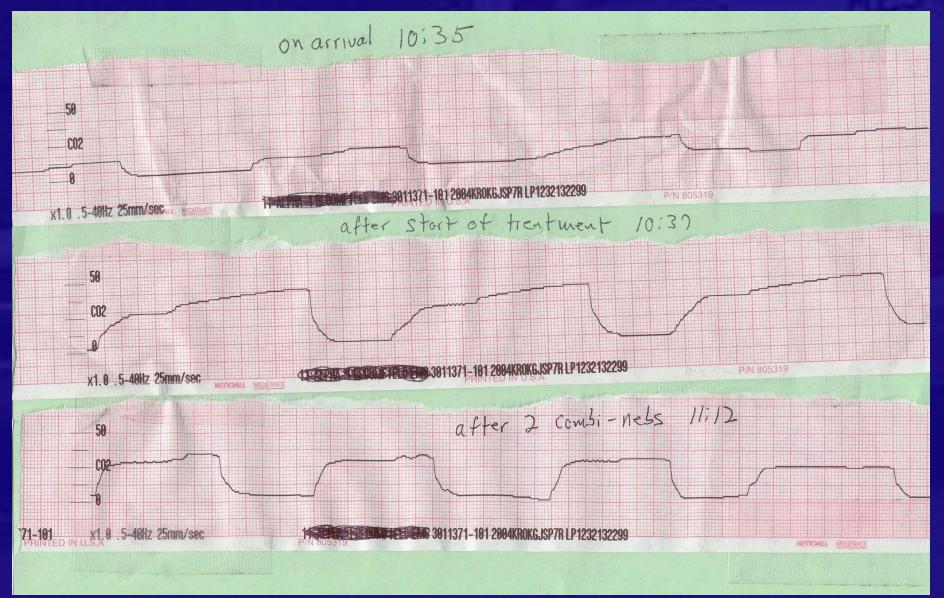
- $EtCO_2 = 30$, RR = 38
- "Curare Cleft" = diaphragmatic movement (breathing over drugs)
- "Bucking" ventilation needs drug tx

Bronchospasm

- Asthma, COPD...
- Elevation of α angle, loss of alveolar plateau ("shark-fin" appearance)
- Degree of angle = severity



Effects of Treatments



Case #1: Bradycardia



Case #1: Bradycardia



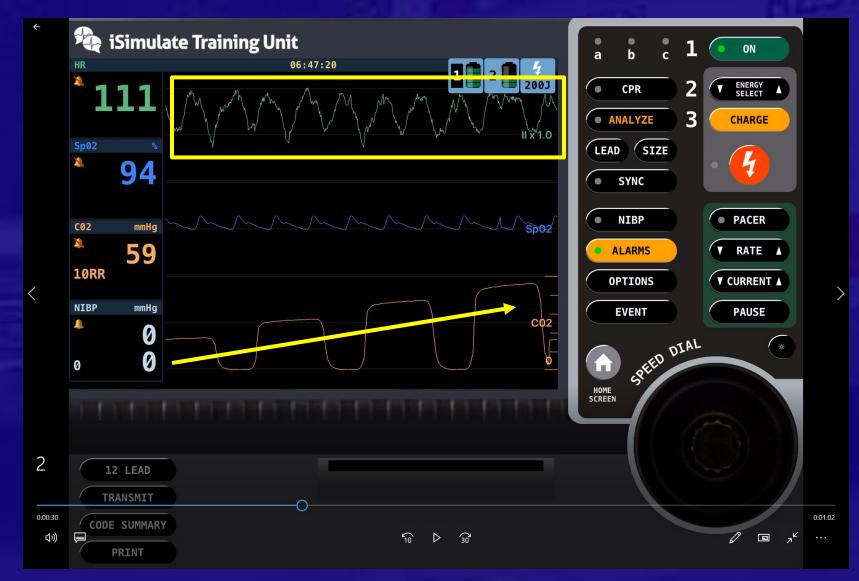
Case #1: Bradycardia



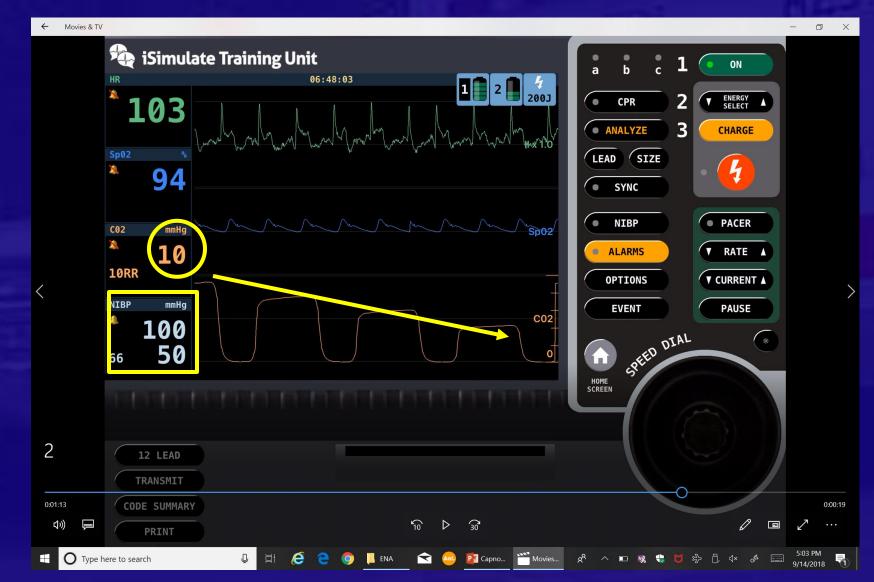
Case # 2: Post ROSC



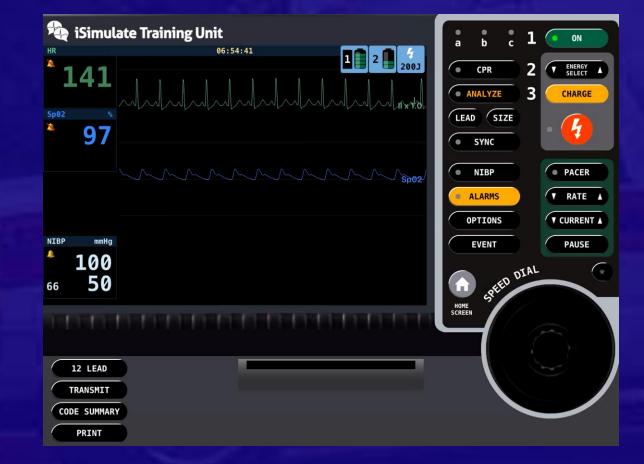
Case # 2: Post ROSC



Case # 2: Post ROSC



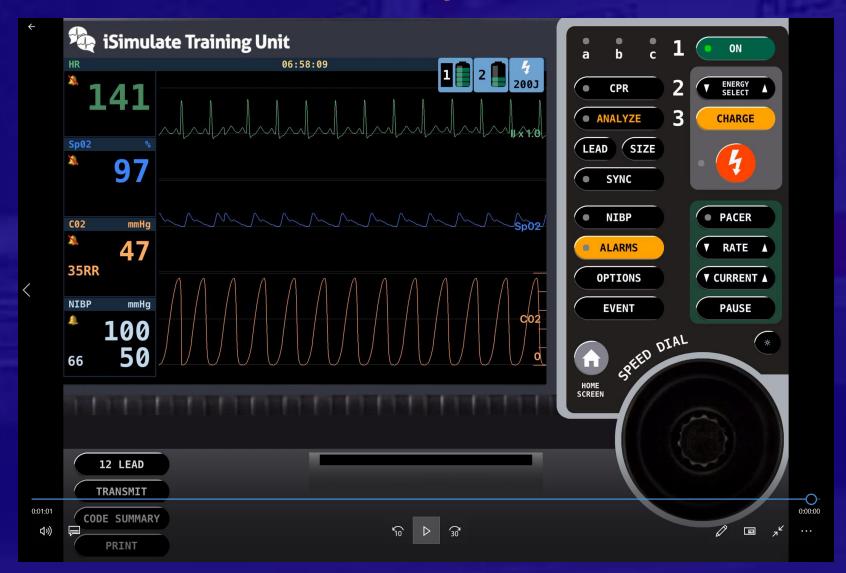
Case # 3: 15 yo asthmatic



Case # 4: 15 yo asthmatic (again)



Case # 4: 15 yo asthmatic



Ventilator Patient

 45 yo auto-pedestrian, open tib-fib, BP 120/60 (80), HR 90, SpO₂ 97%, EtCO₂ 45

Capnography.com

Normal waveform

Questions?

Thanks for your attention!



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